旗馬印繪圖

Hatauma-jirushi ezu (Illustrated Banners and Battle Standards)
織田信長
Oda Nobunaga (1534-1582).
R: Banner (three coins), L: Battle Standard (gold umbrella).
織田信忠
織田信孝

豊臣秀吉
Toyotomi Hideyoshi (1537-1598). Banner (gold *kirisake*, or half-cut cloth curtain, with white *maneki*, or pendant).
Toyotomi Hideyoshi, cont. R: Large Battle Standard (vermillion windsock with gold dashi, or ornament), L: Battle Standard (gold noren curtain with gold gourd).
豊臣秀次
Toyotomi Hidetsugu (1568-1595).
R: Banner (vermilion ground with white three-leaf arrowhead plant),
L: Large Battle Standard (white windsock with black three-leaf arrowhead plant).
Toyotomi Hidetsugu, cont. Battle Standard (gold gohei, or Shinto ritual plaited paper, with gold koma, or chess piece).

明智光秀
Akechi Mitsuhide (1529-1582).
Banner (white kirisake, or half-cut cloth dentil pattern).
柴田勝家
Shibata Katsuie (1522-1583). Battle Standard (gold gohei, or Shinto ritual paper, with gold koma, or chess piece).

瀧川一益
Takigawa Kazumasa (1526-1586). Battle Standard (gold triple dango, or balls).
金

金

金

川

川

川

川
河尻秀隆
Kawajiri Hidetaka (1527-1582).
Battle Standard (gold hanging hat).

佐々成政
Sassa Narimasa (1536-1588).
Battle Standard (persimmon-orange triple hat).
筒井順慶

武田信玄
Takeda Shingen (1521-1573).
Banner (black waribishi, or diamond, crest on white).
関原陣
Sekigahara-jin. The next sixteen pages are banners belonging to warriors involved in the Battle of Sekigahara 関ヶ原の戦い of 1600, in which Tokugawa Ieyasu 徳川家康 (1543-1616) was victorious.

小早川秀秋
宇喜多秀家
Ukiya Hideie (1573-1655). Banner (white chrysanthemum).
石田三成
Ishida Mitsunari (1560-1600). R: Banner (white ground with vermilion pendant), L: Large Battle Standard (gold gourd).
Ishida Mitsunari, cont. Battle Standard (black feather pole).

島津義弘
Shimazu Yoshihiro (1535-1619).
(black ishimochi circle on black and white stripes with black ishimochi on white pendant).
Shimazu Yoshihiro, cont. R: Large Battle Standard (black ishimochi circle on black and white stripes), L: Battle Standard (black cedar).
小西行長
Konishi Yukinaga (1555-1600).
Battle Standard (black feather pole).

大谷吉継
Ōtani Yoshitsugu (1558-1600).
Banner (white and vermillion circles on black).
旗馬印絵圖
Ōtani Yoshitsugu, cont. Battle Standard (black feather balls).

平塚為広
Hiratsuka Tamehiro (?-1600). Battle Standard (white horo, or helmet cape, with two gold folded paper ornament).
Ankokujii Ekei (c. 1539-1600).
R: Banner (black waist), L: Battle Standard (white and gold tengai canopy).
Ankokuji Ekei, cont. R: Large Battle Standard (dragon and tiger 龍虎 characters in black on white ground), L: Battle Standard (gold shakujiō, or priest’s staff).
Chōsokabe Morichika (1575-1615).
R: Banner used in the Battle of Sekigahara in 1600 (arrow feathers on black), L: Battle Standard (white sumitori paper in five bunches).

Natsuka Masaie (1562?-1600). Banner (vermillion and white with Na 長 character in black).
Natsuka Masaie, cont. R: Large Battle Standard (gold hat above gold noren curtain), L: Battle Standard (four-petal crest on white with white pendant).

吉川広家
Kikkawa Hiroie (1561-1625).
Banner (black wisteria crest on white).
Kikkawa Hiroie, cont. R: Large Battle Standard (black bird feather ball),
L: Battle Standard (Marishisonten, Deva Marici, in white characters on
black ground).
Kikkawa Hiroie, cont. R: Battle Standard (nine pole red baren, or clipped tassel cloths; also called hapara), L: Personal Standard sashimono (white gourd with black feather ball). Other sources claim that Kikkawa’s battle standard had 13 poles.
Banners and Battle Standards used in the Shimabara Rebellion in 1637-1638. The next 24 pages show banners, battle standards, and some personal standards used in this last major battle of the early Edo Period. The Shimabara Rebellion was largely a peasant uprising, supported by some samurai. Some peasants were unhappy with unusually high taxes, and some were persecuted Catholics. The prohibition on Christianity and persecution of Christians intensified after the rebellion was quashed by the shogunate.
潘有独声旗高甲
Kuroda (Matsudaira) Tadayuki (1602-1654). R: Banner (white waist between black), L: Battle Standard (shidewa, circle of Shinto ritual paper streamers, with black feather ornament).
黒田長政
Kuroda Nagamasa (1568-1623). Battle Standard (gold ground). The text reads “Kuroda Governor of Kai,” which is Kuroda Nagamasa, but Nagamasa was dead before the Shimabara Rebellion.

黒田市正
Kuroda Ichimasa (?-?). Battle Standard (white bird feather ball with white yak hair ornament).
林勝正
Hayashi Katsumasa (?-?). Personal Standard ("Hail the Sublime Lotus Sutra" in black characters on silver ground).

寺沢堅高
Terazawa Katataka (1609-1647). Banner (triple black ishimochi circles on white).
Terazawa Katataka, cont. Battle standard (single black ishimochi circle on white with black feather ornament).

鶴嶋勝茂
Nabeshima Katsushige (1580-1657). Banner (navy and white diagonal).
Nabeshima Katsushige, cont. Battle Standard (white yak hair under black feather ball ornament).

鍋嶋直澄
Nabeshima Naozumi (1616-1669). Battle Standard (shidewa, circle of Shinto ritual paper streamers, with white yak hair ornament).
鍋嶋元茂
Nabeshima Motoshige (1602-1654). Battle Standard (silver prunus leaf with white yak hair and black feather ornament).

榊原職直
Sakakibara Motonao (1586-1648). Personal Standard (red circle on white ground with white yak hair).
Sakakibara Motonao, cont. Personal Standard (vermilion circle on white ground).

有馬豊氏
Arima Toyouji (1569-1642). Banner (black diamond on white ground with black base).

有馬兵部少輔
Arima Hyōbushō (possibly Arima Yasuzumi 有馬康純 1613-1692, son of Naozumi). Battle Standard (double white yak hair).
牧野成純
Makino Narizumi (?-?). Personal Standard (irohannihoheto, the first seven syllables of the Japanese syllabry, black letters on silver ground).

松倉勝家
Matsukura Katsuie (1597-1638). Banner (red stripe on black ground). Matsukura was the lord of the Shimabara domain whose tax policies were at the core of the rebellion. After the rebellion was suppressed, the shogunate blamed Matsukura and sentenced him to death by beheading, the only daimyo to receive this punishment during the Edo period.
Matsukura Katsuie, cont. Battle Standard (double white hats with black linings).

松倉右近
Matsukura Ukon. Battle Standard (double vermillion paper banner balls). Ukon is a court title, and Matsukura Ukon usually refers to Matsukura Shigenobu 重信 (1538?-1593), Katsuie’s father, though he died long before the Shimabara Rebellion. The author could be including his battle standard here for reference, or Matsukura Ukon could refer to Katsuie’s younger brother Shigetoshi 重利 (?-?), who did fight during the Shimabara Rebellion, and possibly inherited his father’s title.
立花宗茂
Tachibana Muneshige (1567-1643).
R: Banner (white with black base), L: Battle Standard (mounded black and white nabiki with juzu, or Buddhist prayer beads).
立花忠茂
Tachibana Tadashige (1612-1675).
Battle Standard (double white paper banner balls).

石谷貞清
Ishitani Sadakiyo (1594-1672).
Personal Standard (blue ground with white #5 五).
細川忠利
Hosokawa Tadatoshi (1586-1641).
R: Banner (black nine-star crest on white ground), L: Battle Standard (vermilion tenpu wind design).
細川光尚
Hosokawa Mitsunao (1619-1650). Battle Standard (eleven pole black and white baren, or clipped tassel cloths).

馬場利重
Baba Toshishige (?-1657). Personal Standard (vermilion ground with white number 5 五).
小笠原忠真
Ogasawara Tadazane (1596-1667).
R: Banner (vermillion ground with white triple-layer diamonds), L: Battle Standard (silver vessels with black feather ornament).
小笠原因幡守
Ogasawara Governor of Inaba (identity unclear). Battle Standard (silver whiskered basket).

小笠原長次
松平重直
Matsudaira Shigenao (1601-1643).
Battle Standard (blue windsock with black feather ornament).

有馬直純
Arima Naozumi (1586-1641).
Banner (black and white diagonal).
Naozumi was one of the so-called Christian daimyo (warlords) of the early Edo period, as was his father Harunobu (1567-1612). In 1612, after the shogunal ban on Christianity, Naozumi renounced the faith and began persecuting Christians in his domain, eventually personally carrying out the killing of two of his Christian half-brothers. He later fought with the shogunal army against his own former vassals in the Shimabara Rebellion.
Arima Naozumi, cont. Battle Standard (white yak hair with black feather ornament).

水野勝成
Mizuno Katsunari (1564-1651). Banner (white ground).
Mizuno Katsunari, cont. Battle Standard (black feather umbrella with black feather pole ornament).

井上政重
Inoue Masashige (1585-1661). Personal Standard (vermilion ground with black #5 五).
井上政次
Inoue Masatsugu (1602-1650).
Personal standard (vermilion ground with white lettering).

板倉重昌
Itakura Shigemasa (1588-1638).
Battle Standard (vermilion gourd with black feather pole ornament).
戸田氏鉄
Toda Ujikane (1576-1655). R: Banner (triple red ball on white ground), L: Battle Standard (gold crescent with white noren curtain).
戸田氏信
Toda Ujinobu (1600-1681). Battle Standard (three light persimmon orange hats).

戸田永重
Toda Nagashige (1547-1651). Battle Standard (double swirling white yak hair with white yak hair ornament).
松平信綱
Matsudaira Nobutsuna (1596-1662). R: Banner (black ladder on white ground), L: Battle Standard (black ladder on white windsock).
Matsudaira Nobutsuna, cont.
Battle Standard (white sumitori folded paper on etsuru, or bamboo broom).

松平輝綱
Matsudaira Terutsuna (1620-1672).
Battle Standard (double white yak hair).